## IN THE CLAIMS

Please AMEND the claims as follows:

- 1. (Withdrawn) A substantially purified nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence with at least 70% sequence identity to a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 4, complements thereof, and fragments of either.
- 2. (Withdrawn) A recombinant nucleic acid molecule comprising as operably linked components: (a) a promoter that functions in a plant cell to cause production of an mRNA molecule; and (b) a nucleic acid sequence that hybridizes under high stringency conditions to a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 13, and SEQ ID NO: 14, complements thereof, and fragments of either.
- 3. (Currently Amended) A transformed soybean plant having a nucleic acid molecule that emprises comprising (a) a first heterologous promoter operably linked to a first nucleic acid molecule having a first nucleic acid sequence polynucleotide that has 85% or greater identity to a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 1 through SEQ ID NO: 2, complements thereof, and fragments of either, and (b) a second nucleic acid molecule with a second nucleic acid sequence that has 85% or greater identity to a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 4 through SEQ ID NO: 14, complements thereof, and fragments of either, wherein the second nucleic acid molecule is operably linked to the first promoter in a polycistronic configuration or to a second promoter, wherein said plant produces seed with more oleic acid than a plant having a similar genetic background but lacking said nucleic acid sequence.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The transformed soybean plant according to claim 3, wherein a single promoter is operably linked to the first and second nucleic acid molecules a seed of said transformed soybean plant exhibits a modified fatty acid composition that is about 60-80% oleic acid.

- 5. (Currently Amended) The transformed soybean plant according to claim 4, wherein the single said promoter is a seed specific promoter.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The transformed soybean plant according to claim 3, wherein the first promoter and the second promoter are both seed specific promoters said polynucleotide has at least 90% identity to SEQ ID NO:1, a complement thereof, or a fragment of either.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The transformed soybean plant according to claim 6 3, wherein the first said promoter and the second promoter are both is a 7S promoters.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The transformed soybean plant according to claim 3, wherein the first promoter is different from the second promoter said polynucleotide has at least 95% identity to SEQ ID NO:1, a complement thereof, or a fragment of either.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The transformed soybean plant according to claim § 3, wherein the first promoter is a 7S promoter and the second promoter is a napin promoter said polynucleotide is SEQ ID NO:1, a complement thereof, or a fragment of either.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The transformed soybean plant according to claim 3, wherein said first nucleic acid molecule is transcribed and is capable of selectively reducing the level of a transcript encoded by a *FAD2-1* gene while leaving the level of a transcript encoded by a *FAD2-2* gene partially unaffected.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The transformed soybean plant according to claim 3, wherein said first nucleic acid molecule is transcribed and is capable of selectively reducing the level of a transcript encoded by a *FAD2-1* gene while leaving the level of a transcript encoded by a *FAD2-2* gene substantially unaffected.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The transformed soybean plant according to claim 3, wherein said-first nucleic acid molecule is transcribed and is capable of selectively reducing the level of a transcript encoded by a FAD2-1 gene while leaving the level of a transcript encoded by a FAD2-2 gene essentially unaffected a seed of said transformed soybean plant exhibits a modified fatty acid composition that is about 65-75% oleic acid.

- 13. (Currently Amended) A transformed soybean plant having two or more a nucleic acid molecule [[s]] comprising wherein each nucleic acid molecule is operably linked to a heterologous promoter and wherein each nucleic acid molecule has operably linked to a nucleic acid sequence that has 85% or greater identity to a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 2,4-14, complements thereof, and fragments of either, wherein a seed of said transformed soybean plant exhibits a modified fatty acid composition that is about 50-90% oleic acid..
- 14. (Currently Amended) The transformed soybean plant according to claim 13, wherein a first said nucleic acid molecule sequence is transcribed and is capable of selectively reducing the level of a transcript encoded by a first FAD2-1 gene while leaving the level of a transcript encoded by a second FAD2-2 gene partially unaffected, substantially unaffected or essentially unaffected.
- 15. (Withdrawn) A transformed soybean plant, wherein the level of a transcript encoded by a gene selected from the group consisting of *FAD2-1A*, *FAD2-1B*, *FAD2-2B*, *FAD3-1A*, *FAD3-1B*, *FAD3-1C* is selectively reduced while leaving the level of a transcript encoded by a different gene selected from the group consisting of *FAD2-1A*, *FAD2-1B*, *FAD2-2B*, *FAD3-1A*, *FAD3-1B*, *FAD3-1C* at least partially unaffected.
- 16. (Withdrawn) A method of producing a soybean plant having a seed with reduced linolenic acid content comprising: transforming a soybean plant with a nucleic acid molecule that comprises (a) a first promoter operably linked to a first nucleic acid molecule having a first nucleic acid sequence that has 85% or greater identity to a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 2, complements thereof, and fragments of either, and (b) a second nucleic acid molecule having a second nucleic acid sequence that has 85% or greater identity to a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 4 through SEQ ID NO: 14, complements thereof, and fragments of either, wherein the second nucleic acid molecule is operably linked to the first promoter or a second promoter; and growing said plant, wherein said plant produces seed with less linolenic acid than a plant having a similar genetic background but lacking said nucleic acid molecule.

- 17. (Withdrawn) A method of producing a soybean plant having a seed with increased oleic acid content comprising: transforming a soybean plant with a nucleic acid molecule that comprises (a) a first promoter operably linked to a first nucleic acid molecule having a first nucleic acid sequence that has 85% or greater identity to a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1 through SEQ ID NO: 2, complements thereof, and fragments of either, and (b) a second nucleic acid molecule having a second nucleic acid sequence that has 85% or greater identity to a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 4 through SEQ ID NO: 14, complements thereof, and fragments of either, wherein the second nucleic acid molecule is operably linked to the first promoter or a second promoter; and growing said plant, wherein said plant produces seed with more oleic acid than a plant having a similar genetic background but lacking said nucleic acid molecule.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A method of producing a plant having a seed with a modified oil composition comprising: transforming a plant with a nucleic acid molecule that comprises, as operably linked components, a first promoter and a first nucleic acid molecule having a first nucleic acid sequence that has 85% or greater identity to a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 2,4 through 14, complements thereof, and fragments of either; and growing said plant, wherein said plant produces seed with a modified oil composition compared to a plant having a similar genetic background but lacking said nucleic acid molecule.
- 19. (Withdrawn) A method of producing a plant having a seed with an altered ratio of monounsaturated to polyunsaturated fatty acids comprising: transforming a plant with a construct that comprises, as operably linked components, two or more nucleic acid molecules, each having a nucleic acid sequence that has 85% or greater identity to a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 2,4 through 14, complements thereof, and fragments of either, wherein each nucleic acid molecule is operably linked to a promoter; and, growing said plant, wherein said plant produces seed with an altered ratio of monounsaturated to polyunsaturated fatty acids compared to a plant having a similar genetic background but lacking said two or more nucleic acid molecules.

- 20. (New) The transformed soybean plant according to claim 13, wherein said nucleic acid sequence has at least 90% identity to SEQ ID NO:1, a complement thereof, or a fragment of either.
- 21. (New) The transformed soybean plant according to claim 13, wherein said nucleic acid sequence has at least 95% identity to SEQ ID NO:1, a complement thereof, or a fragment of either.